# MAHARASHTRA SEVA SAMITI ORGANIZATION

# FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT (30<sup>th</sup> September 2016)

Blindness Prevention among Rural Children in Dhule, India (031806 - S065466)

NGO Partner K.S. Wani Memorial Trust Unnati Nagar, Deopur Dhule, M.S. India 424 002

Sponsored by

Maharashtra Seva Samiti Organization 4 Strathbury Circle SW Calgary, Alberta Canada T3H 1P7

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## **Executive Summary**

The project is progressing at a much faster rate than originally expected at the time of the submission of the project proposal. The stipulated target of screening 40,000 students by the end of the project has already exceeded; till the reporting period the number of students screened stands at 282,971. Taking into account the low speed in the initial start-up period of the project, and the current high rate, this number is likely to exceed 400,000 by the end of the project.

The target for teacher training in eye health awareness was 500 teachers in a year. However, the outreach team has trained only 1,423 teachers till the end of the reporting period; this is short of 577 in relation to the target number of 2,000. The outreach team has to depend on the district school board's own training program, and thus has no control on this issue.

In the total of 16 staff there were three turnovers during the reporting period. The partner was able to fill the position with short vacancy gap during the turnover time. Thus the overall efficiency in the staff performance was easily maintained.

The successful counseling by the outreach team has led to a sharp drop in the number of parents returning the eye glasses. From the highest of 23 during the first annual report it has steadily decreased to zero in the current annual report.

As per the target, the outreach team was to locate 200 dropout females. This has exceeded far beyond the expectation. As of the end of the reporting period more than 3,685 dropout females have been located. Parents of all of them were provided counseling, though only 30% of them agreed for the eyesight screening of their daughters. For the current annual report 476 were traced and 27% of the parents agreed for screening.

The outreach team has gone beyond the call of their duty; (1) they conducted eye screening camps during vacations which benefitted 1,074 children; (2) they screened 954 adults for vision deficiency; (3) they distributed clothes to poor rural children during Diwali season.

Overall the project is progressing very well.

Separately attached PMF table gives the overall performance indication against the targets. The below descriptive report will support the data in the PMF table.

Activity 110 & 120: Appoint a team of experts and support staff for paediatric ophthalmology including an ophthalmologist, four optometrists, a project administrator, a matron, two nursing assistants, two counsellors, two assistant counsellors, two drivers, an accounts clerk, a research assistant for data processing and two security persons.

Three staff members out of 16 left the job (1 Driver and 2 Counsellors) during the reporting period. The partner filled the positions (1 Driver & 1 Counsellor), one counsellor position still remains vacant which is expected to be filled within next few months. This has not affected the efficiency of the outreach team.

Table below includes all students who are screened - regular ones screened during school visits, the ones screened at the Summer Camp and any stray which were referred to through various other sources. The reasons for student absenteeism were explained in the first interim report.

	10ct 2	015 to 30 S	Sept 2016	Cumulati	Cumulative till Sept 2016			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		
Total enrollment	85,847	47,275	38,572	381,551	205,489	176,062		
Present and screened	61,165	33,785	27,380	282,971	151,954	131,017		
Percentage screened	71%	71%	71%	74.16%	73.94%	74.41%		
Needing eye glasses	1,588	862	726	7,482	3,749	3,733		
Needing treatment at hospital	1,338	784	554	7,131	4,017	3,114		
Total with vision deficiency	2,926	1,646	1,280	14,613	7,766	6,847		
Needing counseling	2,356	1,294	1,062	10,181	5,208	4,973		
Percentage needing counseling	81%	79%	83%	83%	82%	85%		

Table 1: Screening Report of School Visits

As an immediate outcome till 30<sup>th</sup> September 2016 the outreach team has identified 14,613 students with vision deficiency. Of these 7,482 needed eyeglasses and 7,131 needed treatment at the hospital. The tables below provide breakdown of these numbers in various categories.

	1 Oct 15 to 30 Sept 16			Cumulat	tive till 3	S1 Sept16
	Total	M	F	Total	M	F
Referred to hospital	1,338	784	554	7,131	4,017	3,114
Visited hospital	313	188	125	1,666	913	753
Not Visited hospital	1,025	596	429	5,465	3,104	2,361
Total Operation	55	32	23	180	103	77

Table 2: Treatment referral status

Of the 1,338 students referred to the hospital during the year, only 313 visited the hospital of which 55 (M 32 & F 23) needed surgeries. The remaining 253 students were treated with prescription medicines. The corresponding cumulative figures are 7,131 were referred to the hospital. Of the 1,666 students who visited the hospital 180 needed surgeries (103 M and 77 F) of various types as detailed in the above table. The remaining 1,486 students were treated with prescription medicines.

Table 3: Eyeglasses distribution status

	1 <sup>st</sup> Oct 15 to 30 Sep 16			Cumul	umulative till Sep 30, 16		
Classification of eye glasses provision	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
(a) Supplied free to poor students	205	128	77	781	443	338	
(b) Non-poor bought from assigned supplier	55	31	24	642	331	311	
(c) Non-poor bought from outside supplier	505	289	216	1,788	956	832	
(d) Total who received eyeglasses (a)+(b)+(c)	765	448	317	3,211	1,730	1,481	
(e) Non-poor opted but did not buy elsewhere	823	414	409	4,270	2,018	2,252	
(f) Total Needing eye glasses (d)+(e)	1,588	862	726	7,481	3,748	3,733	
(g) Total opting for outside supplier (c)+(e)	1,328	703	625	6,058	2,974	3,084	

The below table provides the number of parents returning the eye glasses during each interim report.

Total Free Paid F Total M F Total M F Total M 1<sup>st</sup> Interim 2<sup>nd</sup> Interim 3<sup>rd</sup> Interim 4<sup>th</sup> Interim 5<sup>th</sup> Interim 6<sup>th</sup> Interim 7<sup>th</sup> Interim 8<sup>th</sup> Interim 

Table 4: Details of parents returning eye glasses

From the table it is evident that the number of students returning eye glasses is consistently decreasing with every interim report. (The figures for the 7<sup>th</sup> Interim may be considered as random fluctuation.) From a maximum of 19 it has reduced to 0. This is an indication of successful counseling by the outreach team.

#### **Activity 210a:** Organize and equip two mobile clinics for screening activity.

The outreach team using two fully equipped mobile vans has picked up the speed in their screening activity. The project objective is to provide free vision check-up to 40,000 rural children over five years. However, the target has already screened 282,971 students till the end of the Fourth Annual report. (The number 282,971 includes 260,875 from the screening in the Dhule district, as specified in the below table, plus 22,096 from the screening done outside Dhule district.

As shown in the table below, the outreach team has covered 503 villages and 1,109 schools till the end of the 4<sup>th</sup> reporting period.

4<sup>th</sup> Year Total to date Balance No. of Villages No. Schools 1.881 1.109 No. Playschools 2.129 1.290 No. of Students in Schools 382,895 191,019 191,876 No. of Students in Playschools 98,759 69,856 28,903 Total Number of Students 481,654 260,875 220,779

Table 5: Numbers of villages and schools

#### Activity 210b: Identify school dropout female students for participation in screening.

As an immediate outcome our target was to trace 200 dropout girls amongst which 25 were expected to have vision deficiency. The target number of parents to be counselled was 25 with 20 consenting. As outlined in the above table, the outreach team traced 3,685 dropout females, only 133 of them were found to have vision deficiency. Parents of all dropout females were counselled only 1,097consented for the screening. The details are given in the table below

	4 <sup>th</sup> Year			Cumulati	tive till Sept.2016			
	Total	Male^	Female	Total	Male	Female		
Total traced	476	6	470	3,685	26	3,659		
Parent consent for screen	129	6	123	1,097	26	1,071		
Parents declined screening	347	0	347	2,588	0	2,588		
Needing eye glasses*	12(9)	1(1)	11(8)	56(48)	4(4)	52(44)		
Needing treatment at hospital*	12(12)	2(2)	10(10)	77(67)	13(12)	64(55)		
Total with vision deficiency*	24	3	21	133(115)	17(16)	116(99)		

Table 6: Screening of dropout females

# Activity 310: Publicize and deliver counselling services intended for parents of sight impaired students.

Parents of all the students identified with vision deficiency are contacted and counselled. As explained in the previous report, special attention is given to concerns of the parents of female students with vision deficiency. Group counselling of students to remove stigma in wearing glasses is continuing with high rate of success. (The number of students returning eye glassed has reduced from maximum of 19 to 2.)

**Activity 410:** Design gender sensitive teacher training manual, awareness video and related materials on preventive measures for eye health.

As mentioned in the previous report, the outreach team has devised power point presentations, slide shows, a booklet and a CD on eye health.

#### **Activity 420:** Deliver training to (f, m) teachers across the project catchment area.

With the help of the district school board, the outreach team is conducting the teacher training program. The team also included playschool teachers in the training program. The target was to train 500 teachers in a year. The team has trained 1,423 till the end of the third annual report period. This shortfall of 577 teachers could not be avoided, since we have to depend on the help of the district school board.

	Four	th Ann	ual	Cı	Cumulative			
	Total	M	F	Total	M	F		
Teachers	53	40	13	655	379	276		
Trainee teachers	0	0	0	60	14	46		
Playschool teachers	171	0	171	708	0	708		
Grand Total	224	40	184	1,423	393	1,030		

Table 7: Teacher Training Details

<sup>^</sup>Male dropouts were brought to the screening by their parents.

<sup>\*</sup>The figures in the bracket indicate the number of parents of dropout females who declined eyeglasses and/or treatment at the hospital.

#### **Beyond the call of duty**

The outreach team could work with the school children only when the schools are in session. During the period of school vacations, the outreach team schedules complimentary activities which are not part of their duty. One of the activities is organizing camps outside the schools. The following are the details of one such camp.

Cumulative till 2016 Summer Camp 2016 Total M F Total M 1,074 629 445 15,945 8,601 7,344 Present and screened 66 35 31 654 394 260 Needing eye glasses 52 34 18 726 432 294 Needing hospital treatment 69 49 Total with vision deficiency 118 1,380 826 554 118 69 49 1,349 816 533 Needing counseling

Table 8: Screening activity at the summer Camp in 2016

The summer camp totals include new students, repeat students, dropouts (both male and female) and those who were absent during the school visit. Total dropouts of 1015 included 562 males and 453 females. Out of 52 needing hospital treatment only 13 visited the hospital (M10 + F3), one of them (female) needed operation.

The Outreach team also conducted screening of adults on the occasion of World Eye donation week. The following table provides the details.

	I							
	Adul	t Camp 2	2016	Cumu	lative till 2016			
	Total	M	F	Total	M	F		
Present and screened	954	455	499	2,754	1,427	1,327		
Needing eye glasses	345	178	167	1,052	571	481		
Needing hospital treatment	165	81	84	605	307	298		
Total with vision deficiency	510	259	251	1,657	878	779		
Needing counseling	510	259	251	1,657	878	779		

Table 9: Screening of Adults

Table 10: Diagnostic of vision deficiency at Adult Camps

				Cum	ulative all			
	2016 Camp			camps				
	Total	M	F	Total	M	F		
Referred to hospital	165	81	84	605	307	298		
Cataract	136	63	73	487	236	251		
Pteregium	10	5	5	55	30	25		
Ptosis	0	0	0	2	1	1		
Other	19	13	6	61	40	21		
Operated	9	2	7	148	66	82		

Up till now we referred  $(605 = M\ 307 + F\ 298)$  Adults of which  $(487 = M\ 236 + F\ 251)$  adults are referred for Cataract of which 146 get operated.

## Literacy classes for dropout girls

In the previous year, we received help from M.S.W. students who interned at our project as part of their degree program. This year no M.S.W. students registered for internship and hence we were short on manpower. As a result, we could not conduct literacy classes for drop out students.